Policy 8.2.1.4  When reviewing projects, the County shall consider a project’s impacts on availability of water for existing agricultural uses.

Policy 8.2.1.5  The County will work with water purveyors and the Agricultural Commission to establish plans to ensure the provision of adequate water supplies to existing and future agricultural uses.

OBJECTIVE 8.2.2: AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS

Protection of the rights of agricultural operators to continue agricultural practices on all lands designated for agricultural land use and expand the agricultural-related uses allowed on such lands.

Policy 8.2.2.1  Agricultural operations allowed by right on agricultural lands shall include, but not be limited to:

A. Cultivation and tillage of the soil, grazing, dairying, irrigation, frost protection, cultivation, growing, harvesting, sound devices, use of approved fertilizers, pesticides, and crop protection;

B. Processing of any agricultural commodity, including timber, Christmas trees, shrubs, flowers, herbs, and other plants;

C. Raising of livestock, fur-bearing animals, and all animal husbandry;

D. Culture or breeding of poultry and aquatic species;

E. Commercial practices (ranch marketing) performed incidental to or in conjunction with such agricultural operations including the packaging, processing, and on-site sale of agricultural products produced in the County; and

F. Agricultural resource management including wildlife management, recreation, tours, riding and hiking access, fishing, and picnicking.

Policy 8.2.2.2  The approving authority shall make the following findings when approving special use permits for agricultural support services:

A. The use will not substantially detract from agricultural production in the surrounding area; and

B. The use is compatible with and will not have a significant adverse impact on adjacent or nearby neighborhoods beyond that allowed by the Right to Farm Ordinance and other applicable law.

Policy 8.2.2.3  Mining activities, when the mined lands will be reclaimed to meet or exceed current agricultural capabilities, and water projects will be deemed compatible with agricultural lands and operations.
Policy 8.2.2.4  Agricultural activities shall be protected from the encroachment of incompatible land use by the Right to Farm Ordinance, which recognizes that nuisances such as noise, odors, dust, fumes, smoke, and chemical usage are a part of recognized acceptable agricultural practices and production.

Policy 8.2.2.5  New parcels adjacent to parcels zoned for agriculture shall not be created unless the size of the parcel is large enough to allow for an adequate setback from the surrounding agricultural parcels for any incompatible uses.

Policy 8.2.2.6  Residential uses that are established adjoining grazing land shall have agricultural fencing per County Standards.

OBJECTIVE 8.2.3: FARM-RELATED HOUSING

Farm related housing that facilitates efficient agricultural operations.

Policy 8.2.3.1  A special use permit shall be required for additional dwellings over and above those allowed by right for permanent and seasonal agricultural employees. The Agricultural Commission shall review the application and make recommendation on the necessity and compatibility of the additional dwelling units with the agricultural activities both on- and off-site. The special use permit shall be subject to the following provisions:

A. The housing is clearly needed for and incidental to agricultural production and related uses on the site; and

B. The housing is constructed and maintained to conform to the minimum standards contained in the Uniform Building Code or as otherwise regulated by the State Department of Housing and Community Development for migrant farm labor housing.

OBJECTIVE 8.2.4: AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION PROGRAMS

Development of programs that provide alternative sources of capital, reduce taxes, or minimize expenditures for agricultural production.

Policy 8.2.4.1  Programs shall be developed that provide tax benefits and enhance competitive capabilities of farms and ranches thereby ensuring long-term conservation, enhancement, and expansion of viable agricultural lands. Examples of programs include but are not limited to, the following:

A. Support and allow private organizations to utilize conservation easements or other appropriate techniques for voluntarily restricting land to agricultural uses only.

B. Continued use of Williamson Act Contracts (agricultural preserves).
C. Formation of land trusts to preserve agricultural lands.

D. Make available voluntary purchase or transfer of development rights from agricultural areas to appropriate non-agricultural areas.

Policy 8.2.4.2 A special use permit shall be required for visitor serving uses and facilities providing they are compatible with agricultural production of the land, are supportive to the agricultural industry, and are in full compliance with the provisions of the El Dorado County Code and compatibility requirements for contracted lands under the Williamson Act.

Policy 8.2.4.3 Visitor serving uses may include but are not limited to: recreational fishing, camping, stables, lodging facilities, and campgrounds.

Policy 8.2.4.4 Ranch marketing, winery, and visitor-serving uses (agricultural promotional uses) are permitted on agricultural parcels, subject to a compatibility review to ensure that the establishment of the use is secondary and subordinate to the agricultural use and will have no significant adverse effect on agricultural production on surrounding properties. Such ranch marketing uses must be on parcels of 10 acres or more; the parcel must have a minimum of 5 acres of permanent agricultural crop in production or 10 acres of annual crop in production that are properly maintained. These uses cannot occupy more than 5 acres or 50 percent of the parcel, whichever is less.

Policy 8.2.4.5 The County shall support visitor-serving ranch marketing activities on agricultural land, provided such uses to not detract from or diminish the agricultural use of said land.

FOREST LAND CONSERVATION AND PRODUCTION

GOAL 8.3: FOREST LAND CONSERVATION

Maintain healthy sustainable forests that provide for raw materials while limiting the intrusion of incompatible uses into important forest lands.

OBJECTIVE 8.3.1: IDENTIFICATION OF TIMBER PRODUCTION LANDS

Identification of existing and potential timber production lands for commercial timber production.

Policy 8.3.1.1 Lands suitable for timber production which are designated Natural Resource (NR) on the General Plan land use map and zoned Timber Production Zone (TPZ) or Forest Resource (FR) are to be maintained for the purposes of protecting and encouraging the production of timber and associated activities.